

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/539,096	03/30/2000	Joseph F. Fitzpatrick	7175/60314 7874	
Richard D Con	7590 03/07/2007 ard	EXAMINER		
Barnes & Thornburg 1313 Merchant Bank Bldg 11 S Meridian Street Indianapolis, IN 46204			HOEKSTRA, JEFFREY GERBEN	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3736	
SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD OF RESPONSE		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS		03/07/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/539,096	FITZPATRICK ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit .			
		Jeffrey G. Hoekstra	3736			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
WHICHE - Extension after SIX - If NO peri - Failure to Any reply	TENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY EVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE is of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. it is is pecified above, the maximum statutory period we reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, received by the Office later than three months after the mailing atent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from to cause the application to become ABANDONE	I. lely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
 Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>05 April 2006</u>. This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i>, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. 						
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-34</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,2,5,6,9,11,13,15 and 17-30</u> is/are rejected. 7) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>3,4,7,8,10,12,14,16 and 31-34</u> is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
10)∭ The Ap Re	e specification is objected to by the Examiner of drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acception acception may not request that any objection to the oplacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the coath or declaration is objected to by the Example 1.	epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority und	er 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
2) Notice of 3) Information	References Cited (PTO-892) Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) on Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) o(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary (Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa	te			

Art Unit: 3736

DETAILED ACTION

Notice of Amendment

1. In response to the amendment filed on 04/05/2006 and 04/13/2006, amendment(s) to the specification and amended claim(s) 1, 9, 10, 12, 14, 16-20, 22, 23, and 29 is/are acknowledged. The current rejections and objections of the claim(s) 1-34 are withdrawn. The following new and reiterated grounds of rejection are set forth:

Reissue Applications

- 2. This application is objected to under 37 CFR 1.172(a) as lacking the proper and explicit written (and signed) consent of all assignees owning an undivided interest in the patent. The consent of the assignee must be in compliance with 37 CFR 1.172. See MPEP § 1410.01. The consent of the assignee is objected to because the assignee providing the consent of March 30, 2000 does not appear to be the current assignee of record.
- 3. A proper assent of the assignee in compliance with 37 CFR 1.172 and 3.73 is required in reply to this Office action. See MPEP § 1410.01 for the preferred format of the consent of the assignee. Applicant's attention is directed to form PTO/SB/96 included with this correspondence.
- 4. The reissue oath/declaration filed with this application is defective because it fails to contain a statement that *all errors* that are being corrected in the reissue application up to the time of filing of the oath/declaration arose without any deceptive intention on the part of the applicant. See 37 CFR 1.175 and MPEP § 1414. The reissue declaration

Art Unit: 3736

fails to indicate the residence and mailing address for each inventor. An address is provided for each inventor; however, the Declaration fails to indicate what these addresses represent.

5. Claims 1-34 are rejected as being based upon a defective reissue declaration under 35 U.S.C. 251 as set forth above. See 37 CFR 1.175.

Response to Amendment

- 6. The affidavit under 37 CFR 1.132 filed 04/05/2006 is insufficient to overcome the rejection of claims 1-34 based upon 35 U.S.C. 251 or to overcome the objection under 37 CFR 1.172(a) as set forth in the last Office action because:
- it fails to contain a statement that **all** errors which are being corrected in the reissue application up to the time of filing of the oath/declaration arose without any deceptive intention on the part of the applicant,
- it fails to separately indicate both the residence and the mailing address for each inventor or properly identify the mailing address is the residence, and
- it fails to contain the explicit written consent of the current assignee.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

7. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Art Unit: 3736

- Claims 1, 2, 5, 6, 9, 11, 13, 15 and 21-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as 8. being anticipated by Koch ('529). Koch teaches a method and apparatus for monitoring body functions, specifically skin temperature. The apparatus includes a housing (2) and first and second temperature sensors (5,6) received by and spaced apart in the housing in proximity to each other and adapted for contact with generally the same area of skin on an infant. The first and second temperature sensors (5,6) generate first and second temperature (body function) signals. A circuit (12) is coupled to the first sensor and the second sensor and processes and compares the temperature (body function) signals. A plurality of indicators (13,14,17,18,21) are provided that communicate with the circuit (12). A first indicator (13,14) is capable of providing an indication of the temperature or rate of change in temperature sensed by the first and second sensors. A second indicator (14) is capable of providing an indication of the difference between the sensed signals. Additional indicators (17,18,21) are provided that are capable of providing an indication when a difference between the sensed signals exceed a predetermined threshold that may indicate a difference in the proximity of a sensor to the skin, failure of a sensor, or measurement error.
- 9. Claims 17-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Stillman et al. ('149). Stillman et al. teach a method and apparatus for monitoring body functions, and is capable of providing an indication of temperature at a skin surface. The apparatus includes a housing (10') mounted by first and second temperature sensors (18,22) spaced apart in the housing in proximity to each other and adapted for

Art Unit: 3736

contact with generally the same area of skin on a subject. The first and second temperature sensors (18,22) generate first and second temperature signals. A circuit is coupled to the first sensor and the second sensor and processes and compares the temperature signals. A plurality of indicators are provided at a computer (40) that communicate with the circuit. A first indicator is capable of providing an indication of the temperature or rate of change in temperature sensed by at least one of the first and second sensors. A second indicator is capable of providing when an error signal when the difference between the sensed signals exceed a predetermined threshold.

Allowable Subject Matter

10. Claims 3, 4, 7, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16 and 31-34 would be allowable if rewritten to include all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims, and a new Declaration and Consent of Assignee were submitted to overcome the defects and objections set forth in this Office action.

Response to Arguments

- 11. Applicant's arguments filed 04/05/2006 and 04/13/2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant argues:
- (a) that for claims 1, 5, 9, 21, and 29, Koch does not disclose, teach, or fairly suggest detecting a difference between the rate of change of the first temperature signal and the rate of change of the second temperature signal which exceeds a predetermined threshold representing a difference in the proximity of the first

Art Unit: 3736

temperature sensor to the skin and the proximity of the second temperature sensor to the skin (see page 19 filed 04/05/2006) and

- (b) for claims 17, 20, 21, and 29, Stillman does not disclose, teach, or fairly suggest (i) a method of producing a skin temperature comprising placing at least two spaced apart temperature sensors adjacent the same area of skin, (ii) a second indicator that indicates that the at least two spaced apart temperature sensors are not measuring the temperature of the same skin area, (iii) a body function measuring apparatus comprising first and second sensors positioned to detect the body function, or (iv) a body function apparatus comprising a circuit comparing the rate of change of the first signal to the rate of change of the second signal.
- 12. The Examiner disagrees, maintains the anticipatory rejections of claims 1, 2, 5, 6, 9, 11, 13, 15, and 21-30 under Koch and of claims 17-30 under Stillman as broadly structurally claimed, and notes the following:
- 13. In response to applicant's argument (a) that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., claim 19) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).
- 14. In response to applicant's argument that (a) for claims 1, 5, 21, and 29 Koch does not disclose, teach, or fairly suggest detecting a difference between the rate of change of the first temperature signal and the rate of change of the second temperature signal which exceeds a predetermined threshold representing a difference in the

Art Unit: 3736

proximity of the first temperature sensor to the skin and the proximity of the second temperature sensor to the skin and (b,ii) Stillman does not disclose, teach, or fairly suggest a second indicator that indicates that the at least two spaced apart temperature sensors are not measuring the temperature of the same skin area, a recitation of the intended use of the claimed invention must result in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim. The Examiner notes as stated above, specifically addressing claims 1, 5 and 20, the applied references are capable of the claimed limitations.

15. In response to applicant's arguments (b,i), (b,iii), and (b,iv), the recitation of "producing a skin temperature, comprising:" and/or "a body function measuring apparatus comprising:" has not been given patentable weight because the recitation occurs in the preamble. A preamble is generally not accorded any patentable weight where it merely recites the purpose of a process or the intended use of a structure, and where the body of the claim does not depend on the preamble for completeness but, instead, the process steps or structural limitations are able to stand alone. See *In re Hirao*, 535 F.2d 67, 190 USPQ 15 (CCPA 1976) and *Kropa v. Robie*, 187 F.2d 150, 152, 88 USPQ 478, 481 (CCPA 1951).

Conclusion

16. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jeffrey G. Hoekstra whose telephone number is (571) 272-7232. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Max F. Hindenburg can be reached on (571) 272-4726. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 3736

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

JH TH

My Hisaring

Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number.

STATEMENT UNDER 37 CFR 3.73(b)				
Applicant/Patent Owner:				
Application No./Patent No.: Filed/Issue Date:				
Entitled:	•			
(Name of Assignee) , a (Type of Assignee, e.g., corporation)	on, partnership, university, government agency, etc.)			
	on, paratership, armed sity, government agency, every			
states that it is: 1 the assignee of the entire right, title, and interest; or				
2. an assignee of less than the entire right, title and interest (The extent (by percentage) of its ownership interest is%)				
in the patent application/patent identified above by virtue of either:				
A. An assignment from the inventor(s) of the patent application/patent identified in the United States Patent and Trademark Office at Reel, Fra thereof is attached.	above. The assignment was recorded me, or for which a copy			
OR B. A chain of title from the inventor(s), of the patent application/patent identified	above, to the current assignee as follows:			
From: To: The document was recorded in the United States Patent and Tradema				
The document was recorded in the United States Patent and Tradema	ork Office at			
Reel, Frame, or for which a copy	r thereof is attached.			
2. From: To:				
The document was recorded in the United States Patent and Tradema Reel, or for which a co	py thereof is attached.			
3. From:To:				
The document was recorded in the United States Patent and Tradema Reel, Frame, or for which a c	irk Office at			
Reel, Flame, Or for which a c	opy thereor is attached.			
Additional documents in the chain of title are listed on a supplemental she	et.			
As required by 37 CFR 3.73(b)(1)(i), the documentary evidence of the chain of twas, or concurrently is being, submitted for recordation pursuant to 37 CFR 3.11. [NOTE: A separate copy (i.e., a true copy of the original assignment documents Division in accordance with 37 CFR Part 3, to record the assignment in the	(s)) must be submitted to Assignment			
302.08]	e records of the OSF TO. <u>See</u> Mir Er			
The undersigned (whose title is supplied below) is authorized to act on behalf of the	assignee.			
Signature	Date			
Printed or Typed Name	Telephone Number			
Title				

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 3.73(b). The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

Privacy Act Statement

The Privacy Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-579) requires that you be given certain information in connection with your submission of the attached form related to a patent application or patent. Accordingly, pursuant to the requirements of the Act, please be advised that: (1) the general authority for the collection of this information is 35 U.S.C. 2(b)(2); (2) furnishing of the information solicited is voluntary; and (3) the principal purpose for which the information is used by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office is to process and/or examine your submission related to a patent application or patent. If you do not furnish the requested information, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office may not be able to process and/or examine your submission, which may result in termination of proceedings or abandonment of the application or expiration of the patent.

The information provided by you in this form will be subject to the following routine uses:

- The information on this form will be treated confidentially to the extent allowed under the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552) and the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C 552a). Records from this system of records may be disclosed to the Department of Justice to determine whether disclosure of these records is required by the Freedom of Information Act.
- 2. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, in the course of presenting evidence to a court, magistrate, or administrative tribunal, including disclosures to opposing counsel in the course of settlement negotiations.
- A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Member of Congress submitting a request involving an individual, to whom the record pertains, when the individual has requested assistance from the Member with respect to the subject matter of the record
- 4. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a contractor of the Agency having need for the information in order to perform a contract. Recipients of information shall be required to comply with the requirements of the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(m).
- A record related to an International Application filed under the Patent Cooperation Treaty in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the International Bureau of the World Intellectual Property Organization, pursuant to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.
- 6. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to another federal agency for purposes of National Security review (35 U.S.C. 181) and for review pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act (42 U.S.C. 218(c)).
- 7. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the Administrator, General Services, or his/her designee, during an inspection of records conducted by GSA as part of that agency's responsibility to recommend improvements in records management practices and programs, under authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906. Such disclosure shall be made in accordance with the GSA regulations governing inspection of records for this purpose, and any other relevant (i.e., GSA or Commerce) directive. Such disclosure shall not be used to make determinations about individuals.
- 8. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the public after either publication of the application pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 122(b) or issuance of a patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 151. Further, a record may be disclosed, subject to the limitations of 37 CFR 1.14, as a routine use, to the public if the record was filed in an application which became abandoned or in which the proceedings were terminated and which application is referenced by either a published application, an application open to public inspection or an issued patent.
- A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, if the USPTO becomes aware of a violation or potential violation of law or regulation.